



## **Alternate Method for the Dimerization of 2-Benzylidene inden-1-one Derivatives: Synthesis of 1,3-Diaryl-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8H-spiro[cyclopenta[a]indene-2,2'-inden]-1',8(3'H)-diones**

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**Abstract:** In the present study, a series of 1,3-diaryl-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8H-spiro[cyclopenta[a]indene-2,2'-inden]-1',8(3'H)-dione derivatives (**4a-h**) were synthesized by KOT-Bu catalyzed dimerization of 2-benzylidene inden-1-one derivatives. The structures of obtained novel spiro-dimeric compounds were characterized using the spectroscopic methods ( $^1\text{H}$ ,  $^{13}\text{C}$ , 2D NMR and IR).

**Keywords:** 2-Benzylidene inden-1-one, dimerization, spirocyclic-dimer, chalcone like compound.

## **2-Benziliden inden-1-on Türevlerinin Dimerleşmesi için Alternatif Yöntem: 1,3-Diaril-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahidro-8H-spiro[siklopenta[a]inden-2,2'-inden]-1',8(3'H)-dionların Sentezi**

**Özet:** Bu çalışmada, bir seri 1,3-Diaril-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahidro-8H-spiro[siklopenta[a]inden-2,2'-inden]-1',8(3'H)-dion türevi (**4a-h**), 2-benziliden inden-1-on türevlerinin KOT-Bu katalizli dimerleşmesi yolu ile sentezlendi. Elde edilen yeni spiro-dimerik bileşiklerin yapıları spektroskopik yöntemlerle ( $^1\text{H}$ ,  $^{13}\text{C}$ , 2D NMR ve IR) karakterize edildi.

**Anahtar Kelimeler:** 2-Benziliden inden-1-on, dimerleşme, spirohalkalı-dimer, kalkon tipi bileşik.

### **1. INTRODUCTION**

Chalcones and chalcone like compounds are important compounds having a wide spectrum in terms of biological activity and can be easily synthesized in high yields [1]. Besides the biological activity they are chemically very active compounds because they contain  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated carbonyl system on structures. Therefore, many heterocyclic and polyfunctional compounds can be synthesized easily starting from chalcones or chalcone like compounds [2]. 2-Benzylidene inden-1-one derivatives are chalcone type compounds and their bioactive

potentials are quite high. They draw attention due to have bioactive properties such as monoamine oxidase inhibitors [3], AChE inhibitors [4], antiproliferative [5], anticancer [6] antioxidant activity [7] and Alzheimer's treatment [8]. In addition, they are valuable compounds from the synthetic point of view because used as starting material in the synthesis of important compounds such as indeno pyrazole [9], indeno pyrimidine [10] and indeno pyridine derivatives [11,12]. 2-Benzylideneinden-1-one derivatives, unlike chalcones, contain a methylene unit in structures so they are given dimerization reaction in basic medium and

convert into spiro-dimeric products [13]. In studies on dimerization reactions of the 2-benzylidene inden-1-one derivatives in the literature, it have been reported to synthesized various spiro-dimeric stereoisomers using different base-solvent systems such as NaHCO<sub>3</sub>/DMF, guanidine carbonate/DMF, Cs<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>/CH<sub>3</sub>CN [14-16], KOH/EtOH, K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>/EtOH, NaOEt/EtOH [17] and NaOEt/THF [18].

This study reports the synthesis of spiro-dimeric products of 2-benzylidene inden-1-one derivatives in the mild conditions in the presence of catalytic amount of potassium-tertiary-butoxide (KO*t*-Bu) in dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO). This reaction occurs in short reaction time and result in high yields so, this method is easy and effective in terms of applicability for synthesis of spiro-dimeric products of 2-benzylidene inden-1-one derivatives.

## 2. EXPERIMENTAL

Melting points were measured on an Electrothermal 9100 apparatus. IR spectra (KBr disc) were recorded on a Jasco FT/IR-430 spectrometer. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance DPX-400 instrument and Agilent 600 MHz Premium COMPACT NMR instrument in CDCl<sub>3</sub> (for **4b-h**) and DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> (for **4a**); δ in ppm rel. to Me<sub>4</sub>Si (δ 0.00) for <sup>1</sup>H NMR, CDCl<sub>3</sub> (δ 77.0) and DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> (δ 39.5) for <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra as internal standards, *J* in Hz. NOESY spectra of **4a** was recorded on Bruker 300 MHz Ultrashield instrument in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>. The multiplicities of the signals in the <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra are abbreviated by s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), m (multiplet), br (broad), and combinations thereof.

### 2.1. General Procedure for the Synthesis of 2-benzylidene inden-1-one derivatives (**3a-h**):

The synthesis of 2-benzylidene inden-1-one derivatives was carried out according to previous article [19].

### 2.2. General Procedure for the Synthesis of 1,3-diaryl-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8*H*-spiro[cyclopenta[*a*]indene-2,2'-indene]-1',8(3'*H*)-dione (**4a-h**):

To a solution of 2-benzylideneinden-1-one derivative (1 mmol) (**3a-h**) in DMSO (5 mL) at 50 °C was added KO*t*-Bu (10% mol) and stirred for 3 h. After the reaction is complete, the mixture was acidified with diluted HCl (10% 5 mL) and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL) and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After the solvent removed in vacua, the product was crystallized with EtOH.

(1*RS*,2*SR*,3*SR*,3a*RS*,8a*RS*)-1,3-di-*p*-tolyl-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8*H*-spiro[cyclopenta[*a*]indene-2,2'-indene]-1',8(3'*H*)-dione (**4a**):

White solid; yield 75%; m.p. 156-159 °C. IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3087, 3020, 2949, 2915, 2887, 1686, 1621, 1601, 1581, 1510, 1465, 1328, 1295, 1270, 1184, 1099, 1087, 954, 817, 740, 522. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 7.67 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.19-7.10 (m, 4H), 7.05-6.94 (m, 5H), 4.72 (t, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (d, *J* = 17.9 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (d, *J* = 17.9 Hz, 1H) 2.13 (s, 3H), 2.12 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO) δ 207.73, 206.61, 156.48, 153.42, 137.06, 136.84, 136.47, 135.88, 135.71, 135.57, 134.52, 133.75, 129.43 (2C), 129.15 (2C), 128.88, 128.77 (2C), 128.52 (2C), 127.77, 126.60, 125.57, 124.34, 123.30, 69.69, 59.90, 54.29, 53.22, 46.04, 29.40, 20.94, 20.90.

(1*RS*,2*SR*,3*SR*,3a*RS*,8a*RS*)-1,3-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8*H*-spiro[cyclopenta[*a*]indene-2,2'-indene]-1',8(3'*H*)-dione (**4b**):

White solid; yield 70%; m.p. 173-176 °C. IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3069, 3032, 2953, 2927, 2833, 1713, 1698, 1609, 1582, 1512, 1465, 1441, 1328, 1283, 1257, 1176, 1096, 1034, 1012, 953, 916, 822,

752, 570.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.75 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.38 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.25 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 2H), 7.11 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 2H), 6.66 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 2H), 4.47 (t,  $J = 9.6$  Hz, 1H), 4.02 (d,  $J = 10.9$  Hz, 1H), 3.86 – 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.77 (d,  $J = 10.7$  Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.02 (dd,  $J = 36.5, 17.0$  Hz, 2H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  207.99, 205.68, 158.62, 158.43, 155.88, 152.99, 137.28, 135.75, 135.07, 134.68, 129.44 (2C), 129.15 (2C), 128.79, 128.58, 128.17, 126.96, 125.82, 125.22, 124.45, 123.33, 113.69 (2C), 113.59 (2C), 70.31, 58.49, 55.09 (2C), 53.53, 53.14, 46.28, 29.49.

(1*RS*,2*SR*,3*SR*,3a*RS*,8a*RS*)-1,3-bis(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8*H*-spiro[cyclopenta[*a*]indene-2,2'-indene]-1',8(3'*H*)-dione (**4c**):

Colourless crystal; yield 89%; m.p. 201–204 °C. IR (KBr,  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) 3069, 3045, 2975, 2938, 2893, 1698, 1603, 1510, 1464, 1434, 1329, 1285, 1226, 1164, 1088, 1045, 1015, 919, 845, 794, 750, 622, 546.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.76 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.13 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 6.87 (t,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 2H), 6.82 (t,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 2H), 4.49 (t,  $J = 9.6$  Hz, 1H), 4.04 (d,  $J = 10.9$  Hz, 1H), 3.85 (t,  $J = 9.7$  Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d,  $J = 10.6$  Hz, 1H), 3.00 (dd,  $J = 41.8, 17.1$  Hz, 2H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  207.45, 205.35, 161.96 (d,  $J = 246.5$  Hz), 161.82 (d,  $J = 245.9$  Hz), 155.44, 152.56, 137.02, 135.61, 135.33, 135.08, 132.31 (d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz), 132.15 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz), 129.90 (d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, 2C), 129.65 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2C), 128.44, 127.30, 125.81, 125.14, 124.60, 123.44, 115.33 (d,  $J = 21.2$  Hz, 2C), 115.09 (d,  $J = 21.3$  Hz, 2C), 70.08, 58.40, 53.37, 53.08, 46.26, 29.36.

(1*RS*,2*SR*,3*SR*,3a*RS*,8a*RS*)-1,3-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8*H*-spiro[cyclopenta[*a*]indene-2,2'-indene]-1',8(3'*H*)-dione (**4d**):

White solid; yield 87%; m.p. 250–253 °C. IR (KBr,  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) 3080, 3049, 3031, 2938, 2885, 1702, 1599, 1513, 1492, 1467, 1424, 1329, 1280, 1239, 1212, 1153, 1088, 1011, 961, 919, 815, 766, 572, 511.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.80 – 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.58 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.47 (td,  $J = 7.4, 1.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.41 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.26 (d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 2H), 7.19 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 7.14 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 7.06 (d,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.60 – 4.46 (m, 1H), 4.07 (d,  $J = 10.9$  Hz, 1H), 3.89 (dd,  $J = 10.7, 8.7$  Hz, 1H), 3.81 (d,  $J = 10.7$  Hz, 1H), 3.06 (d,  $J = 17.2$  Hz, 1H), 2.98 (d,  $J = 17.2$  Hz, 1H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  207.30, 205.29, 155.35, 152.53, 136.94, 135.62, 135.45, 135.31, 135.17, 134.93, 133.34, 132.99, 129.78 (2C), 129.54 (2C), 128.66 (2C), 128.56, 128.45 (2C), 127.50, 125.98, 125.23, 124.64, 123.51, 69.89, 58.58, 53.52, 52.92, 46.07, 29.41.

(1*RS*,2*SR*,3*SR*,3a*RS*,8a*RS*)-1,3-bis(4-bromophenyl)-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8*H*-spiro[cyclopenta[*a*]indene-2,2'-indene]-1',8(3'*H*)-dione (**4e**):

White solid; yield 85%; m.p. 234–237 °C. IR (KBr,  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) 3076, 3046, 3027, 2949, 2937, 2883, 1698, 1598, 1489, 1467, 1423, 1329, 1278, 1239, 1152, 1074, 1005, 959, 918, 839, 812, 765, 754, 711, 678, 572, 507.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.76 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.46 (td,  $J = 7.4, 1.3$  Hz, 1H), 7.42 – 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.35 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.26 (d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 2H), 7.18 – 7.12 (m, 3H), 7.05 (d,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.58 – 4.47 (m, 1H), 4.05 (d,  $J = 10.8$  Hz, 1H), 3.88 (dd,  $J = 10.8, 8.6$  Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d,  $J = 10.7$  Hz, 1H), 3.06 (d,  $J = 17.2$  Hz, 1H), 2.97 (d,  $J = 17.3$  Hz, 1H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  207.26, 205.28, 155.32, 152.51, 136.91, 135.71, 135.61, 135.47, 135.44, 135.36, 131.62 (2C), 131.39 (2C), 130.14 (2C), 129.90 (2C), 128.58, 127.54, 126.02, 125.24, 124.64, 123.53,

121.55, 121.24, 69.76, 58.65, 53.58, 52.87, 46.02, 29.43.

(1*RS*,2*SR*,3*SR*,3a*RS*,8a*RS*)-1,3-diphenyl-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8*H*-spiro[cyclopenta[*a*]indene-2,2'-indene]-1',8(3'*H*)-dione (**4f**):

White solid; yield 81% (79% [18]); m.p. 238–240 °C (236–237 °C [18]). IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3085, 3057, 3027, 2939, 2887, 1698, 1602, 1585, 1496, 1466, 1374, 1337, 1282, 1240, 1208, 1152, 1096, 1012, 911, 857, 757, 730, 700, 574. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.78 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.29 – 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.23 – 7.16 (m, 6H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (t, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (dd, *J* = 10.8, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.05 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (d, *J* = 17.1 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 207.27, 205.23, 155.33, 152.50, 136.95, 135.62, 135.44, 135.29, 135.11, 134.94, 133.34, 133.01, 129.76 (2C), 129.52 (2C), 128.66 (2C), 128.56, 128.45 (2C), 127.50, 125.95, 125.20, 124.68, 123.53, 69.89, 58.55, 53.52, 52.90, 46.07, 29.40.

(1*RS*,2*SR*,3*SR*,3a*RS*,8a*RS*)-1,3-di(furan-2-yl)-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8*H*-spiro[cyclopenta[*a*]indene-2,2'-indene]-1',8(3'*H*)-dione (**4g**):

White solid; yield 80% (48% [18]); m.p. 192–195 °C (196–197 °C [18]). IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3129, 3116, 3068, 3033, 2927, 2903, 2891, 2849, 1703, 1603, 1590, 1503, 1466, 1433, 1336, 1284, 1237, 1145, 1097, 1070, 1011, 958, 913, 891, 809, 750, 674, 598. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.76 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.11 (m, 4H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.31 – 6.25 (m, 1H), 6.22 – 6.15 (m, 2H), 6.16 – 6.11 (m, 1H), 4.45 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.83 – 3.65 (m, 2H), 3.15 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (d, *J* = 17.3 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 206.02, 204.85, 155.08, 152.84, 152.00, 151.76, 142.37, 141.98, 136.51, 135.63,

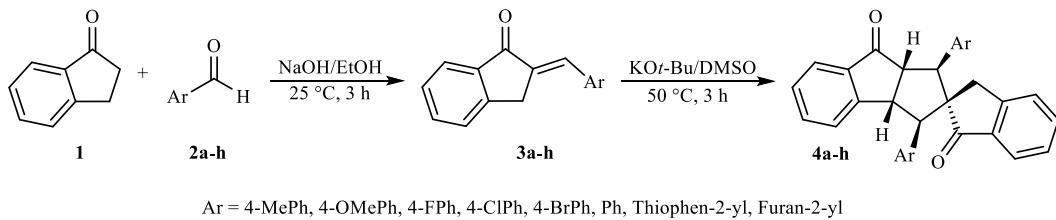
135.53, 134.81, 128.54, 127.19, 126.03, 125.64, 124.47, 123.82, 110.20, 110.14, 108.17, 108.06, 68.21, 53.14, 52.65, 47.86, 46.32, 31.11.

(1*RS*,2*SR*,3*SR*,3a*RS*,8a*RS*)-1,3-di(thiophen-2-yl)-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8*H*-spiro[cyclopenta[*a*]indene-2,2'-indene]-1',8(3'*H*)-dione (**4h**):

White solid; yield 86% (70% [18]); m.p. 250–253 °C (254–255 °C [18]). IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3109, 3069, 3035, 2937, 2913, 2884, 2839, 1703, 1601, 1586, 1533, 1465, 1430, 1332, 1283, 1237, 1210, 1152, 1096, 1045, 1011, 950, 916, 853, 763, 716, 671, 626, 503. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 6.86 – 6.78 (m, 2H), 4.49 – 4.34 (m, 1H), 4.24 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (dd, *J* = 10.8, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.27 (d, *J* = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 3.17 (d, *J* = 17.3 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 206.74, 204.45, 154.77, 153.49, 140.47, 140.04, 137.27, 135.65, 135.48, 135.01, 128.66, 127.34, 126.99, 126.77, 126.17, 126.13, 126.07, 125.42, 124.61, 124.47, 124.20, 123.67, 70.02, 55.42, 54.58, 49.49, 49.33, 30.62.

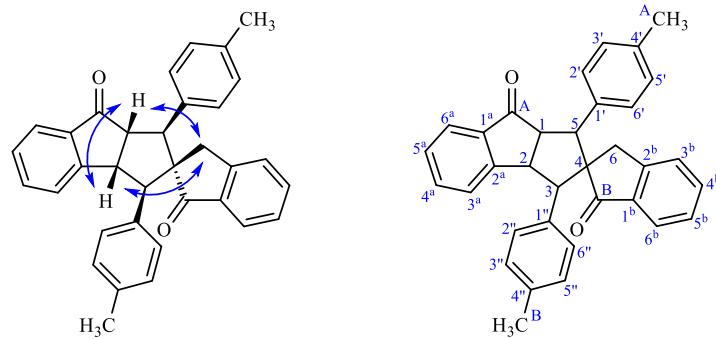
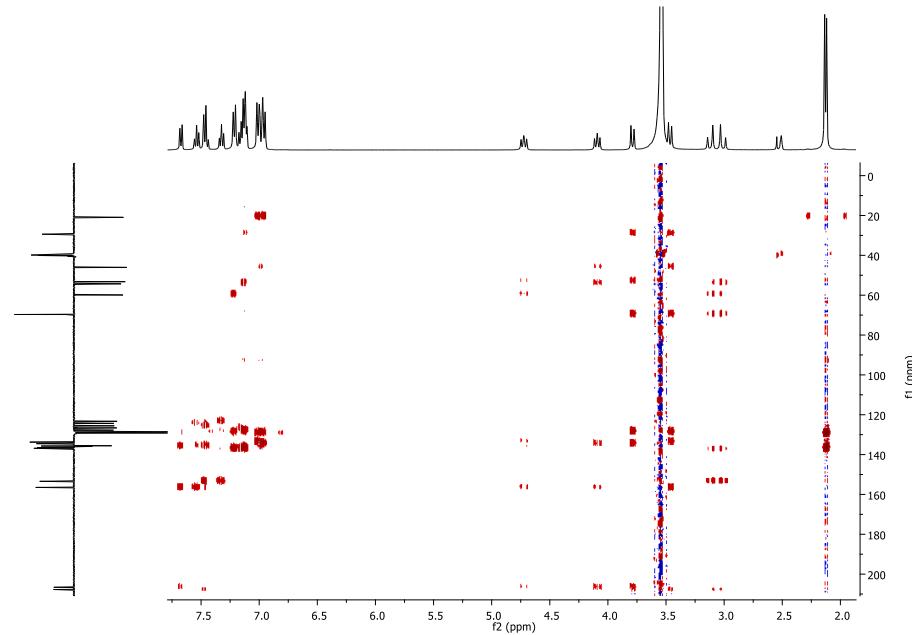
### 3. RESULTS and DISCUSSION

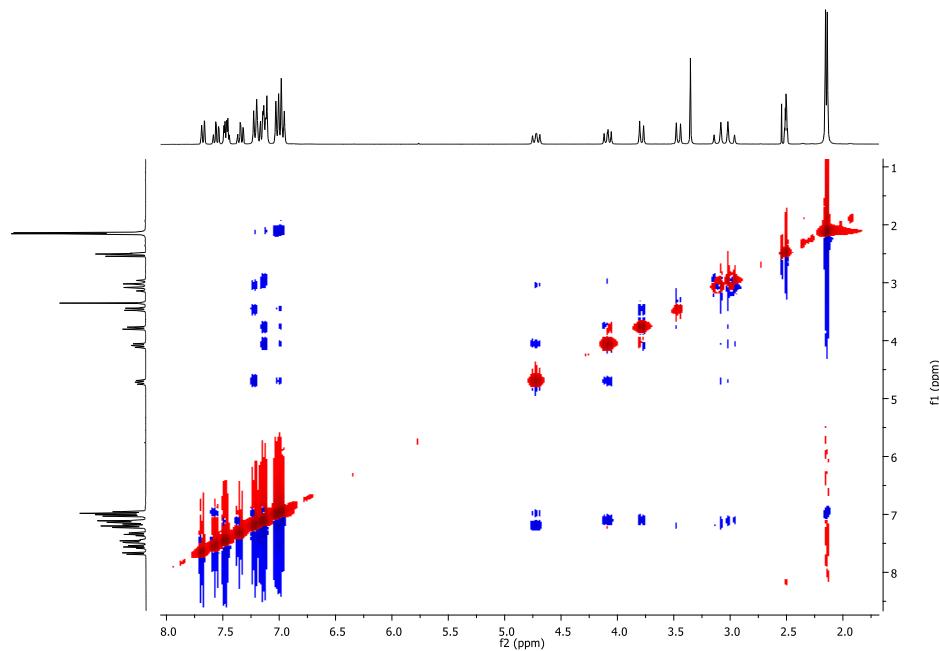
Herein, we report a novel procedure for the synthesis of 1,3-diaryl-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8*H*-spiro[cyclopenta[*a*]indene-2,2'-indene]-1',8(3'*H*)-dione derivatives (**4a-h**) that have five stereogenic centers. The 2-benzylidene inden-1-one derivatives **3a-h** were prepared by reaction of 1-indanone (**1**) with aromatic aldehydes (**2a-h**) in the presence of NaOH in EtOH at room temperature [19]. Spiro-dimeric compounds (**4a-h**) were synthesized by treatment of **3a-h** with KOt-Bu in DMSO at 50 °C. The crude product at the end of the reaction was subjected to crystallization in EtOH and only one stereoisomer was obtained in high yields (70–89%) (Figure 1, Table 2).

**Figure 1.** Synthesis of spiro-dimeric products.

The structures of **4a-h** were determined by spectroscopic studies ( $^1\text{H}$ -,  $^{13}\text{C}$ -, 2D-NMR and IR) and literature data [18]. The relative stereochemistry of **4a** was established by

COSY, HETCOR, HMBC and NOESY experiments, which confirmed the relative configuration between all the neighboring substituents (Figure 2, Figure 3 and Figure 4).

**Figure 2.** Selected NOESY interactions of **4a** and numbering of carbons.**Figure 3.** HMBC spectrum of **4a**.



**Figure 4.** NOESY spectrum of **4a**.

The full analysis of HETCOR and HMBC spectra of **4a** confirmed the spiro-dimeric structure. In the  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum of **4a** the protons of H-C(1) and H-C(2) gave a triplet at  $\delta$  4.72 ( $J = 9.7$  Hz) and 4.10 ( $J = 9.6$  Hz) ppm respectively. The protons of H-C(5) and H-C(3) gave a doublet at  $\delta$  3.47 ( $J = 11.0$  Hz) and 3.79 ( $J = 10.6$  Hz) ppm respectively. The methylenic protons of H<sub>2</sub>-C(6) gave an AB system, while the A part of the AB system is shown as a doublet at  $\delta$  3.12 ( $J = 17.9$  Hz) and that of part B as a doublet at  $\delta$  3.01 ( $d, J = 17.9$ ) ppm. In addition, the  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR spectrum of **4a** showed two carbonyl signals at 207.7 and 206.6 ppm. Other aliphatic and aromatic carbon signals are in harmony with the structure (Figure 4, Table 1).

**Table 1.**  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ) data of **4a**,  $\delta$  (ppm),  $J$  (Hz).

Position	HETCOR (H $\rightarrow$ C)		HMBC (H $\rightarrow$ C)	
	$\delta$ (H)	$\delta$ (C)	$^2J$	$^3J$
1	4.72 ( <i>t, J</i> = 9.7)	46.0	C(2), C(5), C( <sup>A</sup> C=O)	C(1'), C(2 <sup>a</sup> )
2	4.10 ( <i>t, J</i> = 9.6)	53.2	C(1), C(3), C(2 <sup>a</sup> )	C(1''), C( <sup>A</sup> C=O)
3	3.79 ( <i>d, J</i> = 10.6)	54.3	C(2), C(4), C(1'')	C(6), C(2''), C(6''), C( <sup>A</sup> C=O), C( <sup>B</sup> C=O)
4	-	69.7		
5	3.47 ( <i>d, J</i> = 11.0)	59.9	C(1), C(4), C(1')	C(6), C(2'), C(6'), C( <sup>B</sup> C=O)
6	3.12 ( <i>d, J</i> = 17.9) 3.01 ( <i>d, J</i> = 17.9)	29.4 124.3	C(4), C(2 <sup>b</sup> ) C(1 <sup>a</sup> ), C(5 <sup>a</sup> )	C(3), C(5), C(1 <sup>b</sup> ), C( <sup>B</sup> C=O)
1 <sup>a</sup>	-	135.7		
2 <sup>a</sup>	-	156.5		
3 <sup>a</sup>	7.54 ( <i>t, J</i> = 7.4)	135.8	C(2 <sup>a</sup> )	C(1 <sup>a</sup> )
4 <sup>a</sup>	7.05-6.94 (m)	125.5	C(3 <sup>a</sup> ), C(5 <sup>a</sup> )	
5 <sup>a</sup>	7.46 ( <i>t, J</i> = 7.8)	128.8	C(4 <sup>a</sup> ), C(6 <sup>a</sup> )	C(1 <sup>a</sup> ), C(3 <sup>a</sup> )
6 <sup>a</sup>	7.67 ( <i>d, J</i> = 7.6)	124.3	C(1 <sup>a</sup> ), C(5 <sup>a</sup> )	C(2 <sup>a</sup> ) C( <sup>A</sup> C=O)
1 <sup>b</sup>	-	137.0		
2 <sup>b</sup>	-	153.4		
3 <sup>b</sup>	7.32 ( <i>t, J</i> = 7.4)	135.5	C(2 <sup>b</sup> )	C(1 <sup>b</sup> ), C(5 <sup>b</sup> )
4 <sup>b</sup>	7.19-7.10 (m)	126.6	C(3 <sup>b</sup> ), C(5 <sup>b</sup> )	
5 <sup>b</sup>	7.19-7.10 (m)	127.7	C(4 <sup>b</sup> )	C(1 <sup>b</sup> )
6 <sup>b</sup>	7.48-7.43 (m)	123.3		C(2 <sup>b</sup> ), C(4 <sup>b</sup> ) C( <sup>B</sup> C=O)
1'	-	133.7		
2'	7.21 ( <i>d, J</i> = 7.7)	128.7		C(5), C(4'), C(6')

3'	7.05-6.94 (m)	129.4	C(1'), C(5'), C( <sup>A</sup> CH <sub>3</sub> )
4'	-	136.8	
5'	7.05-6.94 (m)	129.4	C(1'), C(3'), C( <sup>A</sup> CH <sub>3</sub> )
6'	7.21 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.7)	128.7	C(5), C(2'), C(4')
1''	-	134.5	
2''	7.19-7.10 (m)	128.5	C(3), C(4''), C(6'')
3''	7.05-6.94 (m)	129.1	C(1''), C(5''), C( <sup>B</sup> CH <sub>3</sub> )
4''	-	136.4	
5''	7.05-6.94 (m)	129.1	C(1''), C(3''), C( <sup>B</sup> CH <sub>3</sub> )
6''	7.19-7.10 (m)	128.5	C(3), C(2''), C(4'')
<sup>A</sup> C=O	-	206.6	
<sup>B</sup> C=O	-	207.7	
<sup>A</sup> CH <sub>3</sub>	2.11 (s)	20.8	C(4')
<sup>B</sup> CH <sub>3</sub>	2.13 (s)	20.9	C(3''), C(5'')

**Table 2.** Synthesized spiro-dimers **4a-h**.

Entry	Spiro-dimer	Yield (%)	Entry	Spiro-dimer	Yield (%), (Lit.)
1		75	5		85
2		70	6		81 (79) [18]
3		89	7		80 (48) [18]
4		87	8		86 (70) [18]

#### 4. CONCLUSION

In summary, five new (**4a-e**) and three known (**4f-h**) 1,3-diaryl-1,3,3a,8a-tetrahydro-8H-spiro[cyclopenta[a]indene-2,2'-indene]-1',8(3'H)-dione derivatives were synthesized by KOt-Bu (10%) catalysis in high yields from 2-benzylidene inden-1-one derivatives. As a result of the reaction carried out, one stereoisomer was obtained in high yields (70-89%). The relative stereochemistry of the synthesized spirocyclic-dimers were determined using 2D-NMR techniques. The present method has some advantages such as high yields of the products, atom economy, short reaction time, and simple workup and purification.

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